Agreement Among Pairs of Justices

The following tables show the percentage of decisions in which every possible pair of justices found themselves on the same side—either both in the majority or both dissenting. The first table covers all 196 decisions; the second table narrows its focus to decisions that were not unanimous. When reading the *second* table, for instance, one finds that Justices Wilkie and Brown voted together in 73% of the decisions, while the figure for Justices Dieterich and Currie was 36%.

Agreement Between Pairs of Justices—All Decisions

	Hallows	Dieterich	Fairchild	Currie	Gordon	Brown
Wilkie	183/192= 95%	177/193= 92%	178/193= 92%	176/191= 92%	173/188= 92%	184/193= 95%
	Hallows	200/218= 92%	199/218= 91%	204/215= 95%	197/213= 92%	204/218= 94%
		Dieterich	201/219= 92%	193/216= 89%	202/214= 94%	201/219= 92%
			Fairchild	198/216= 92%	201/214= 94%	203/219= 93%
				Currie	195/211= 92%	201/216= 93%
					Gordon	204/214= 95%
						Brown

Agreement Between Pairs of Justices—Non-Unanimous Decisions

	Hallows	Dieterich	Fairchild	Currie	Gordon	Brown
Wilkie	23/32= 72%	17/33= 52%	18/33= 55%	18/33= 55%	17/32= 53%	24/33= 73%
	Hallows	18/36= 50%	17/36= 47%	24/35= 69%	19/35= 54%	22/36= 61%
		Dieterich	19/37= 51%	13/36= 36%	24/36= 67%	19/37= 51%
			Fairchild	18/36= 50%	23/36= 64%	21/37= 57%
				Currie	19/35= 54%	21/36= 58%
					Gordon	26/36= 72%
						Brown